

A: Datasheet

Algorithm: mantra_000

Developer: Mantra Softech India

Submission Date: 2021_10_28

Template size: 2052 bytes

Template time (2.5 percentile): 381 msec

Template time (median): 412 msec

Template time (97.5 percentile): 448 msec

Investigation:

Frontal mugshot ranking 48 (out of 329) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0017 vs. lowest 0.0009 from sensetime_006

Mugshot webcam ranking 36 (out of 291) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0099 vs. lowest 0.0057 from sensetime_006

Mugshot profile ranking 132 (out of 260) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.7085 vs. lowest 0.0550 from sensetime_006

Immigration visa-border ranking 92 (out of 218) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.0066 vs. lowest 0.0009 from sensetime_006

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 80 (out of 215) -- FNIR(1600000, 0, 1) = 0.1116 vs. lowest 0.0487 from cubox_000

Identification:

Frontal mugshot ranking 40 (out of 329) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0100, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0017 from nec_005

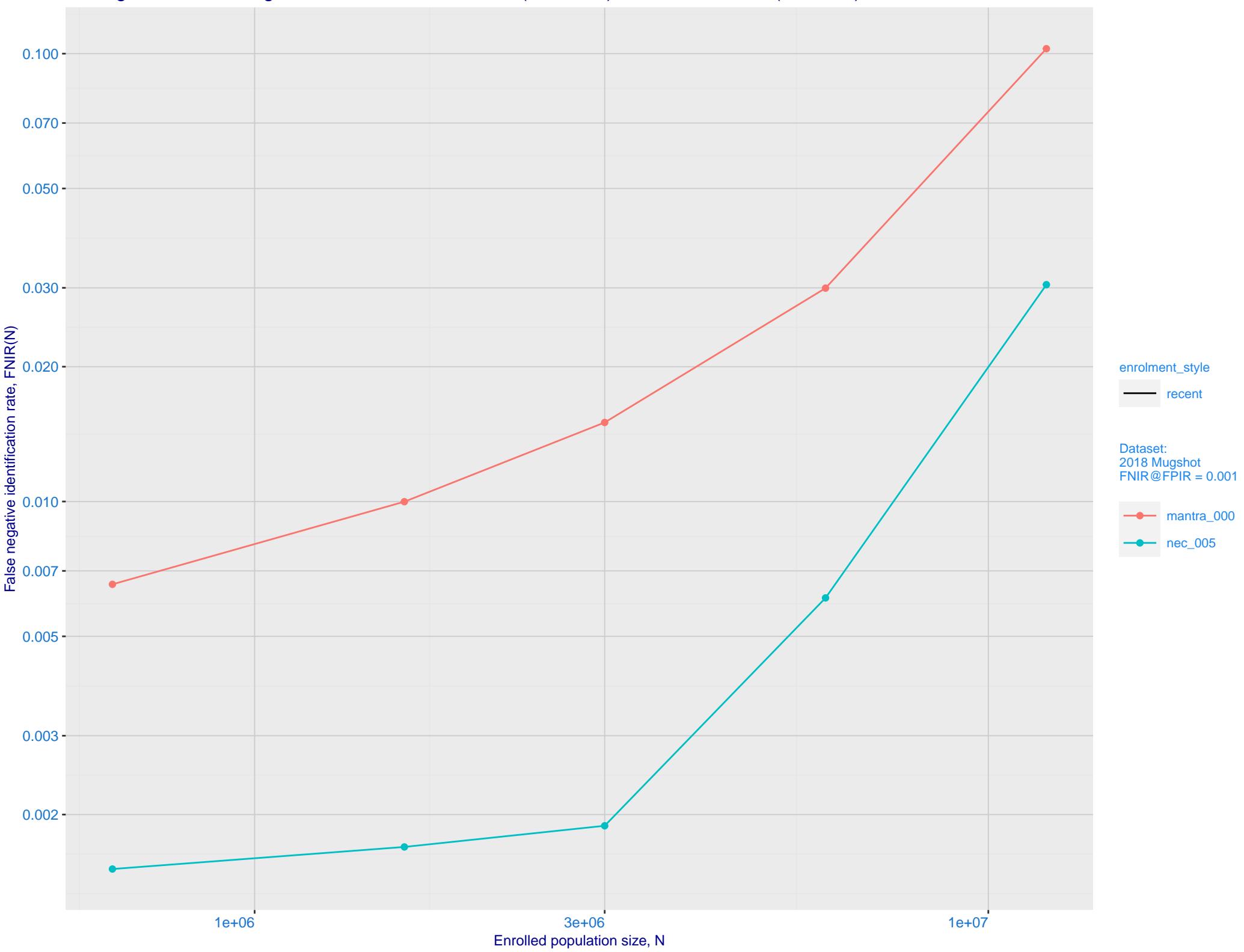
Mugshot webcam ranking 41 (out of 289) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0408, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0120 from nec_005

Mugshot profile ranking 255 (out of 259) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 1.0000, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.1331 from cloudwalk_hr_000

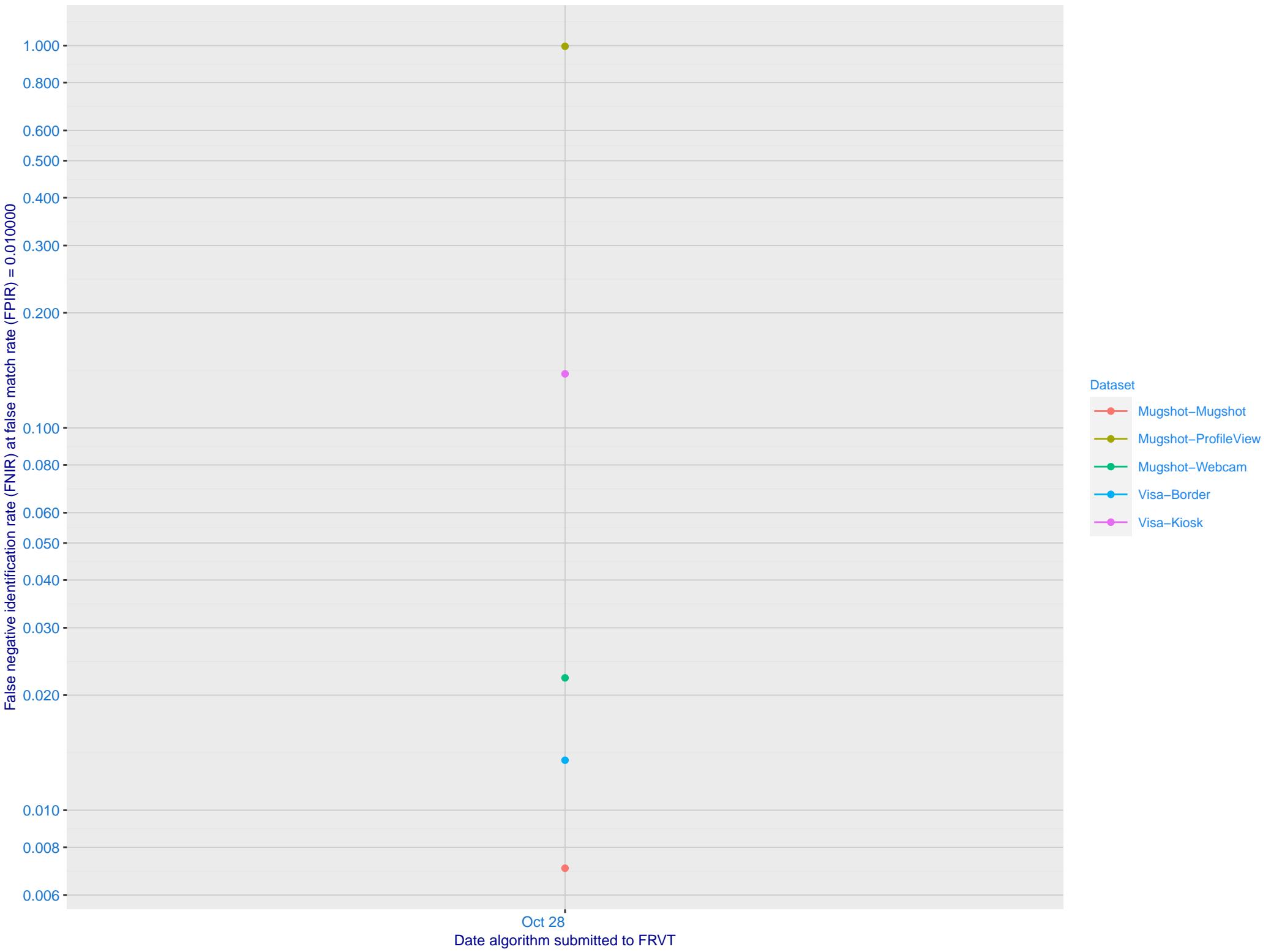
Immigration visa-border ranking 61 (out of 217) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.0291, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0032 from paravision_009

Immigration visa-kiosk ranking 194 (out of 212) -- FNIR(1600000, T, L+1) = 0.9999, FPIR=0.001000 vs. lowest 0.0728 from paravision_009

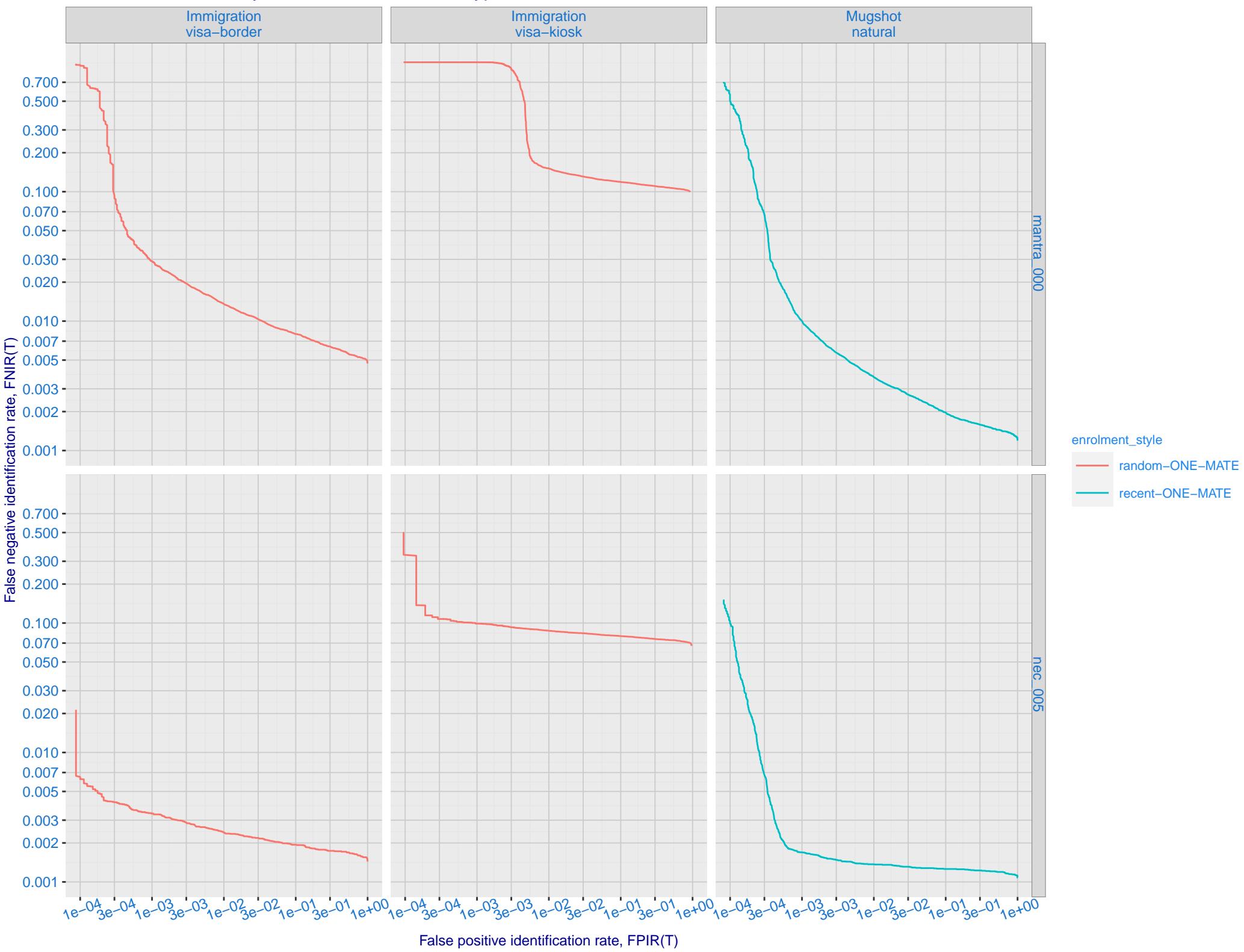
B: Mugshot natural images, identification mode: FNIR(N, L+1, T) vs. most accurate (nec_005)



C: Evolution of accuracy for MANTRA algorithms on three datasets 2018 – present

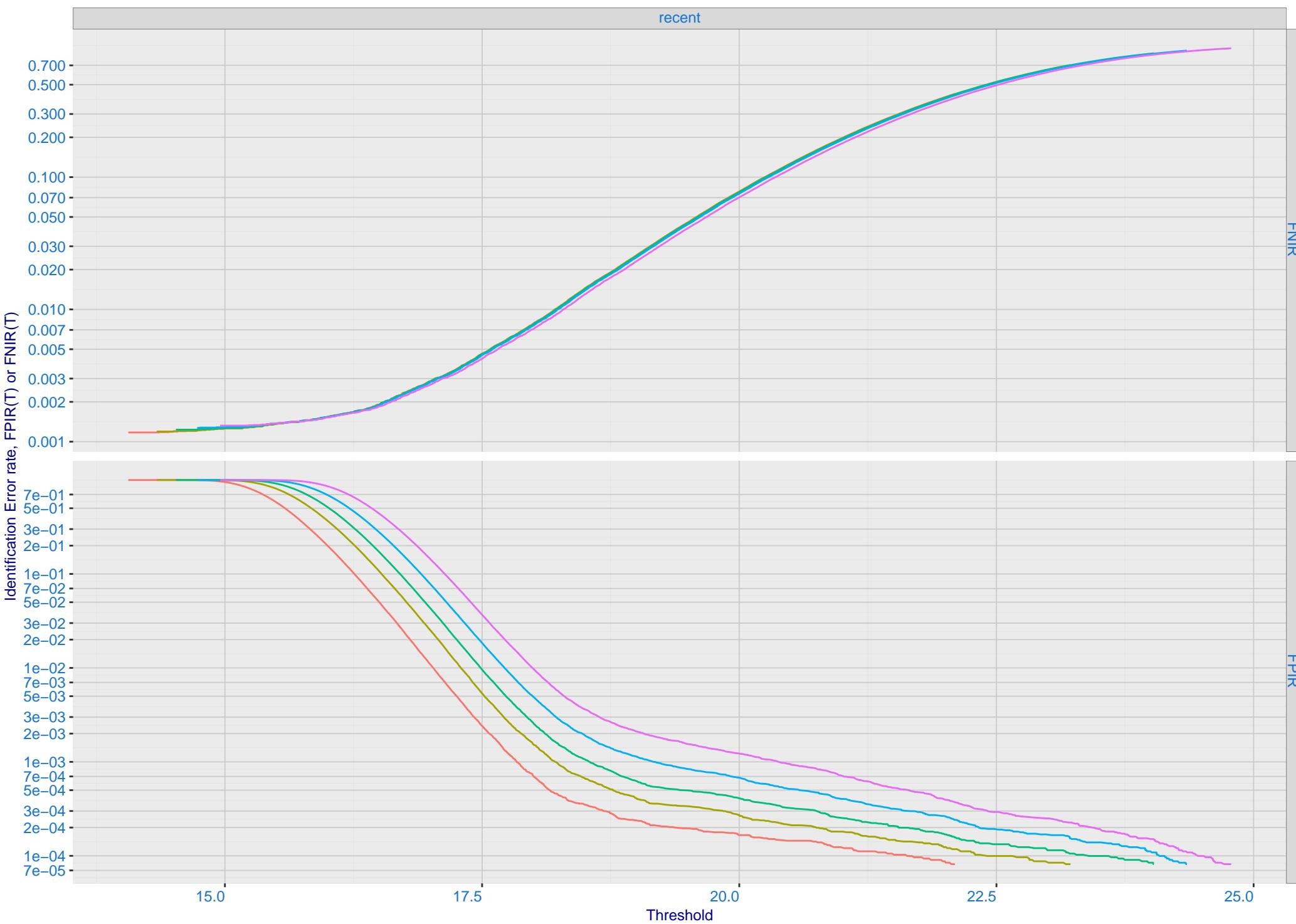


D: 1:N error tradeoff by dataset and enrollment type. N = 1600000 individuals

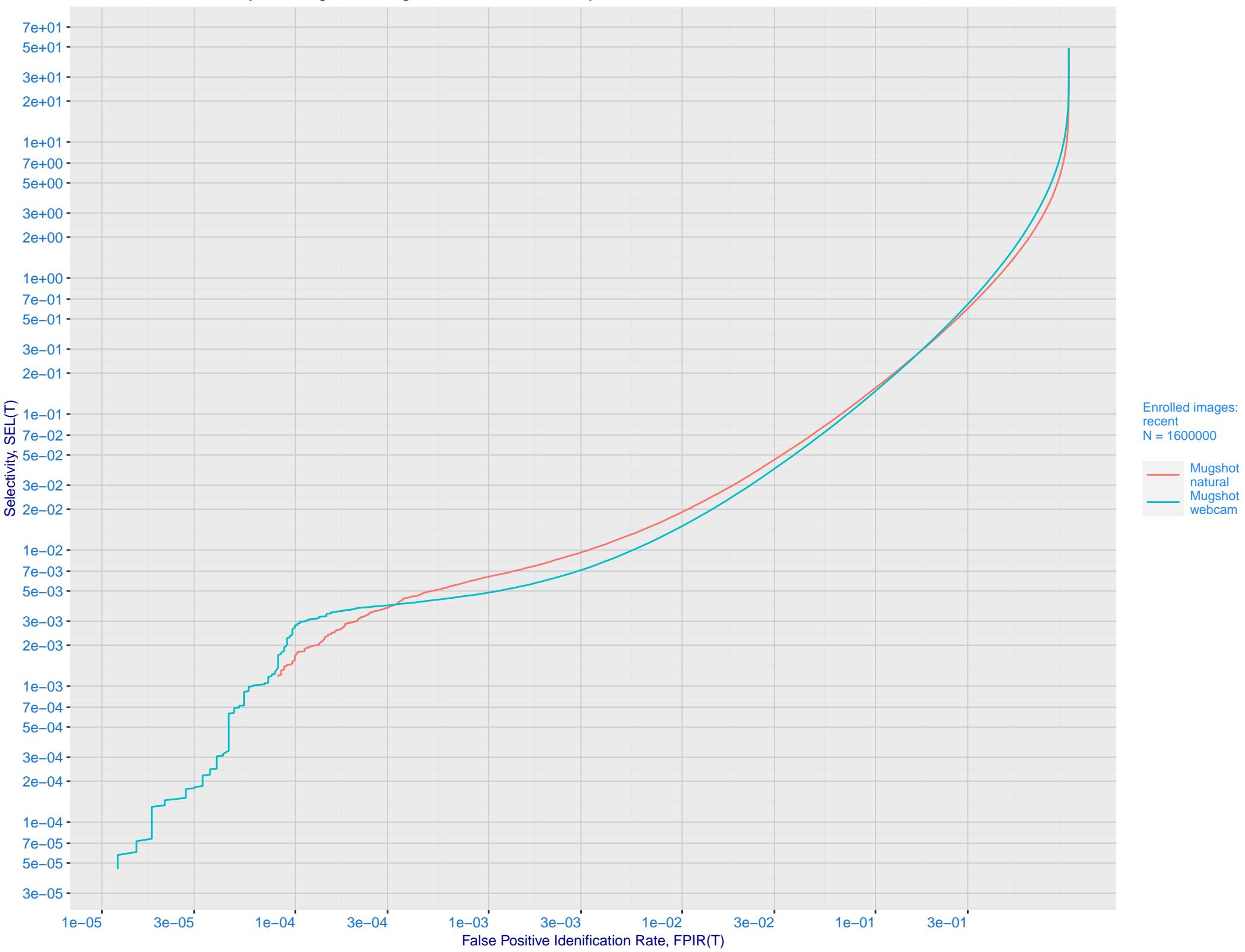


E: Dependence of error rates on T by number enrolled identities, N, for Mugshot natural images

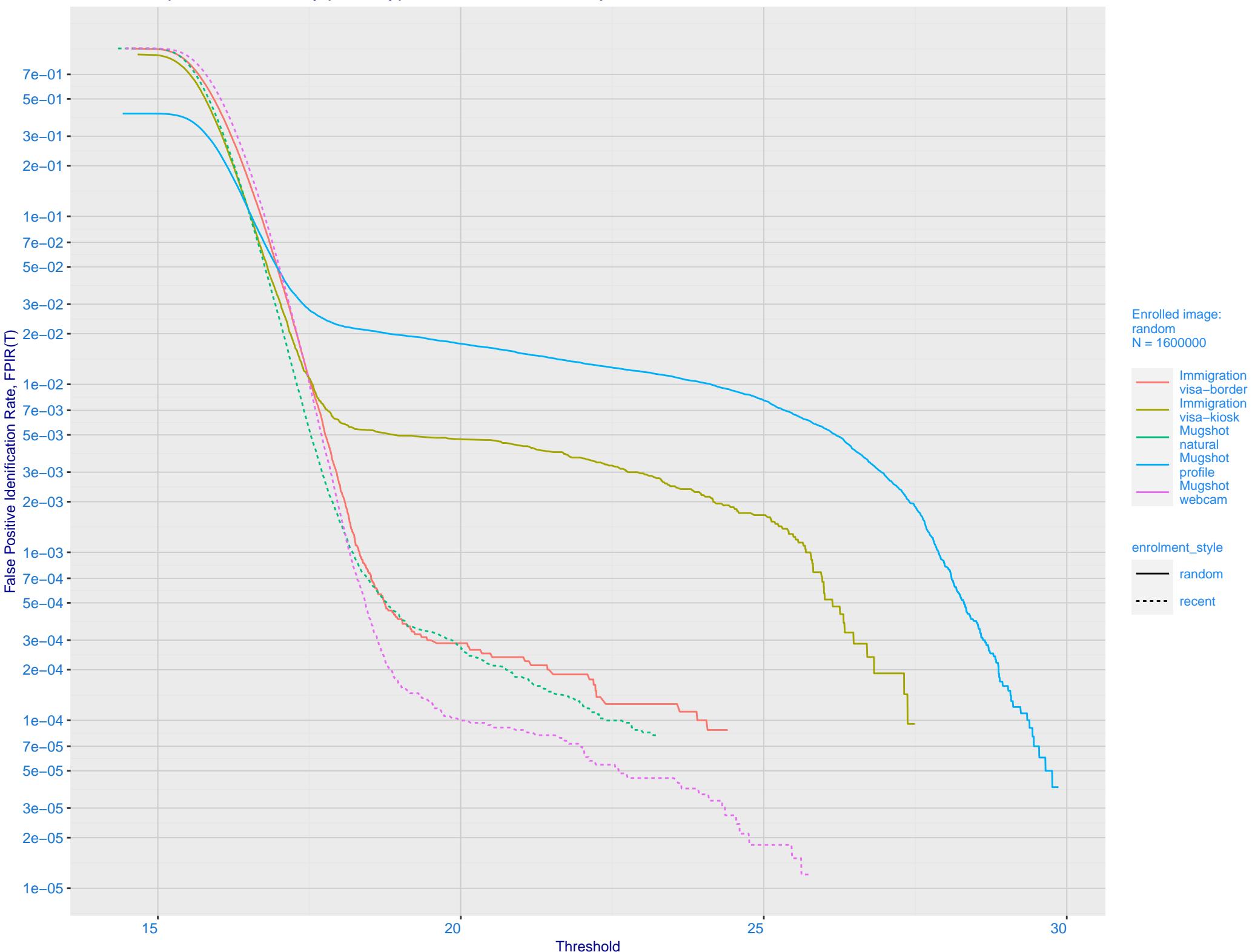
N 00640000 01600000 03000000 06000000 12000000



F: FPIR vs. Selectivity for mugshot images, N = 1600000 subjects enrolled with one recent mate

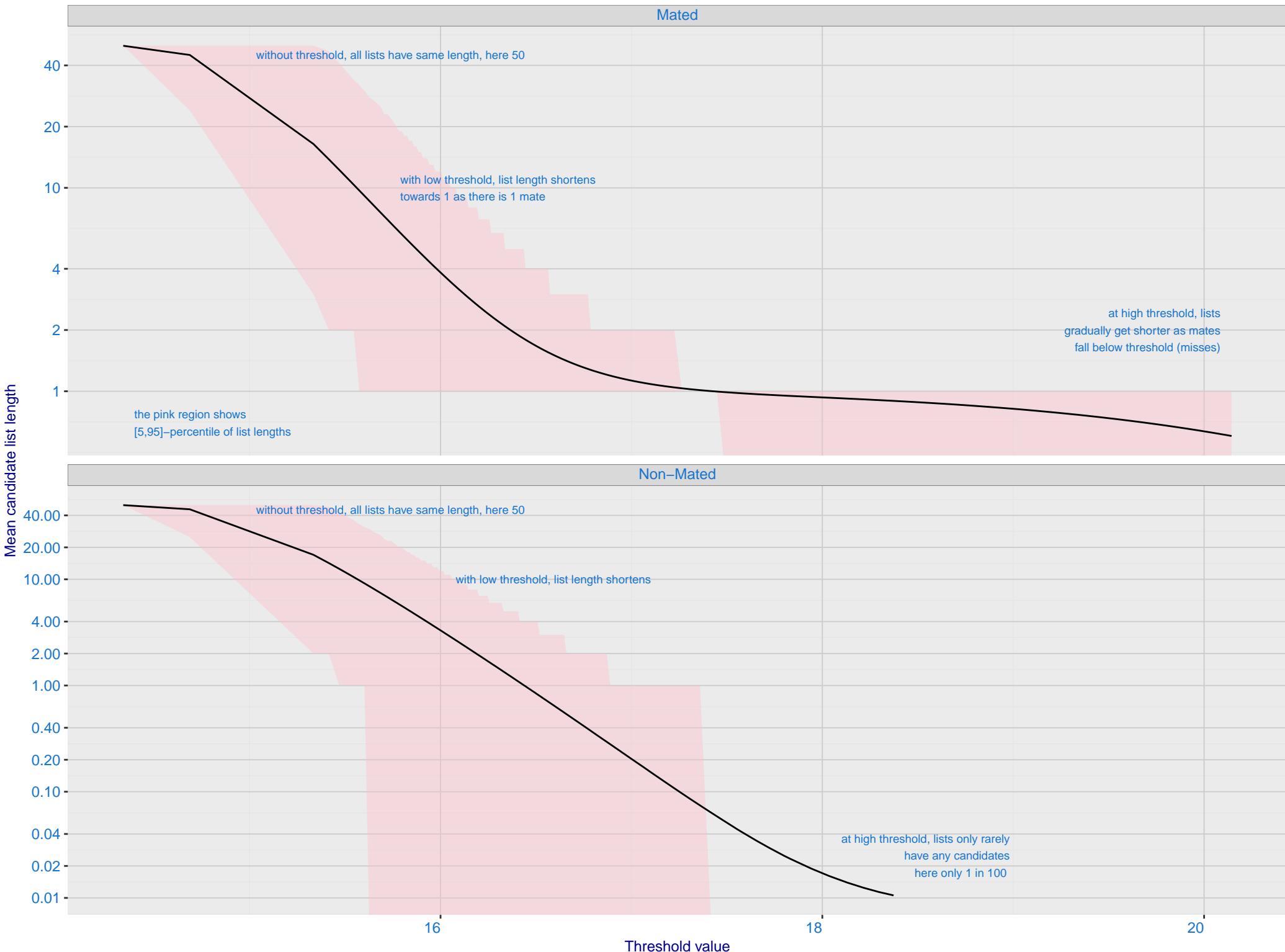


G: FPIR dependence on T by probe type for N = 1600000 subjects



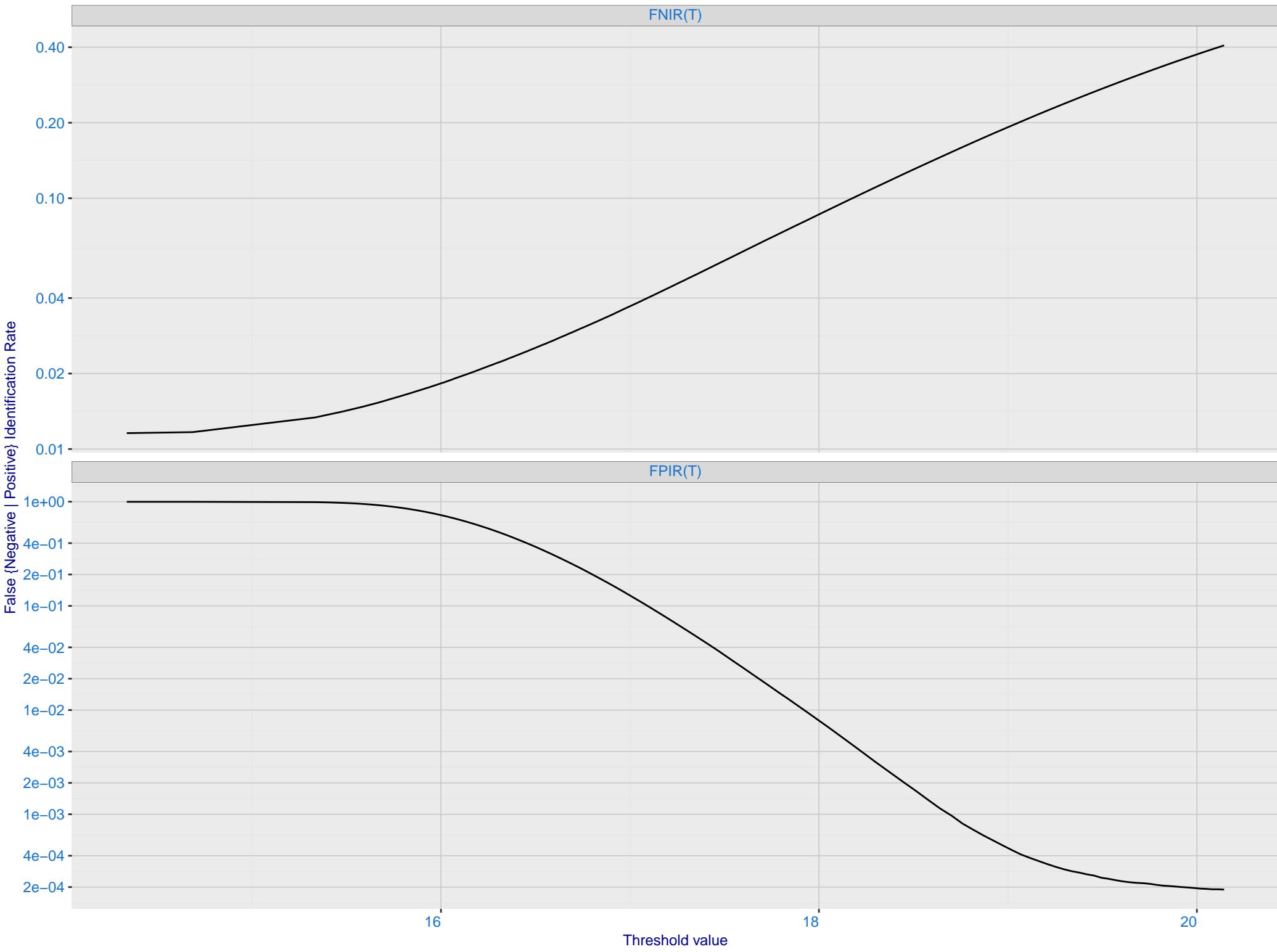
H: Reduced length candidate lists for human review

Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image

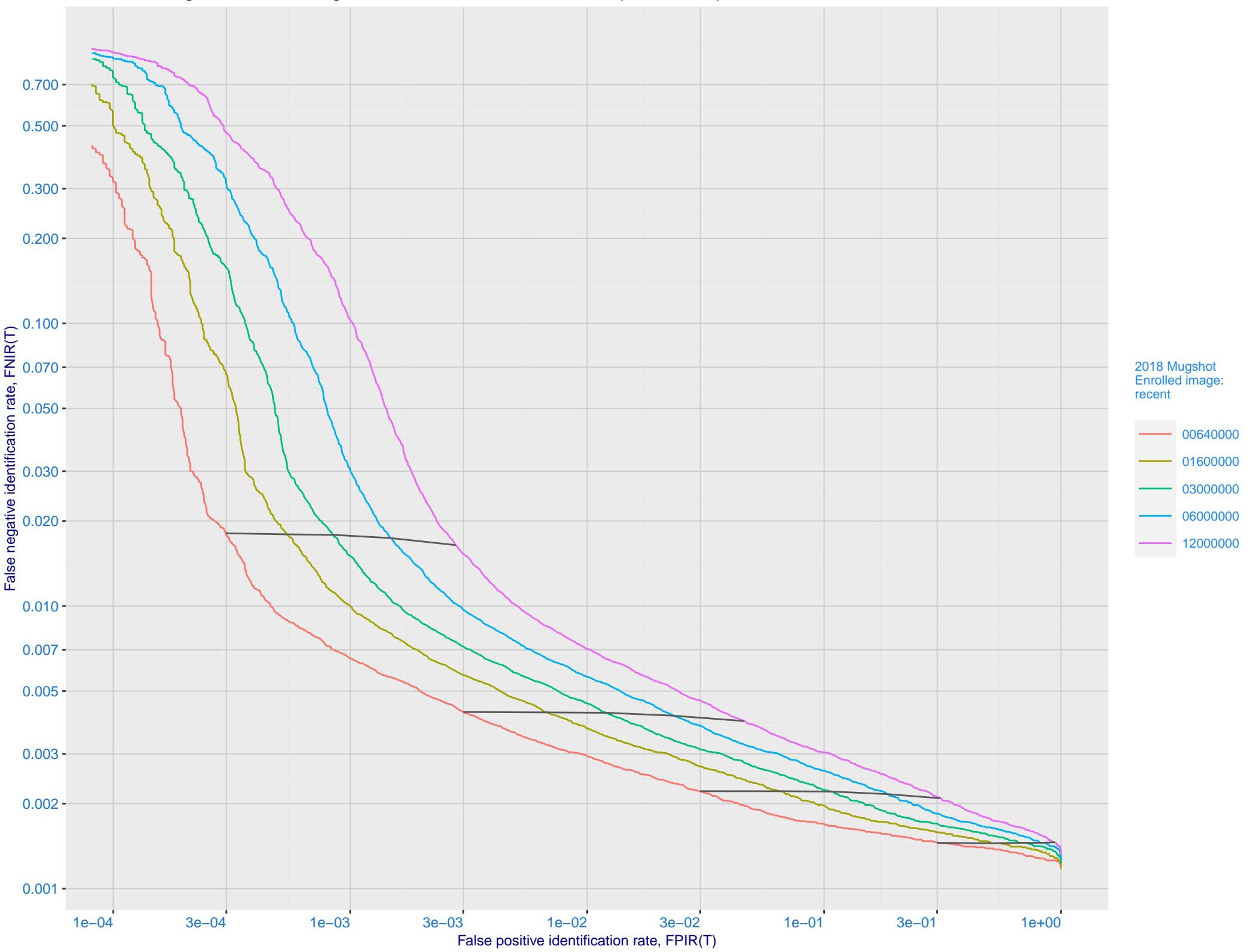


I: FNIR and FPIR dependence on threshold

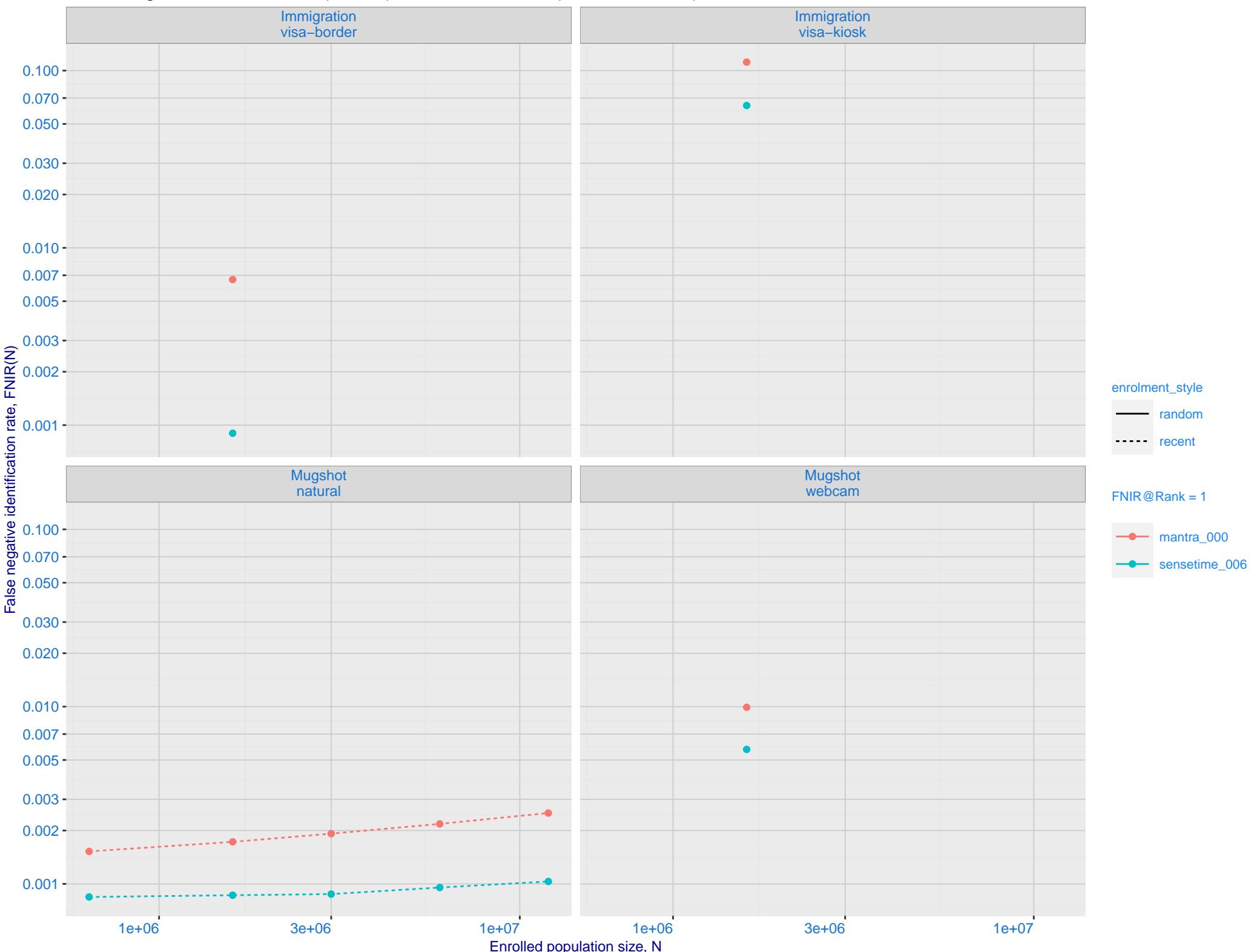
Dataset is border–border with time–lapse [10,15] YRS with N = 1600000. Probes are 10–15 years later than enrollment image



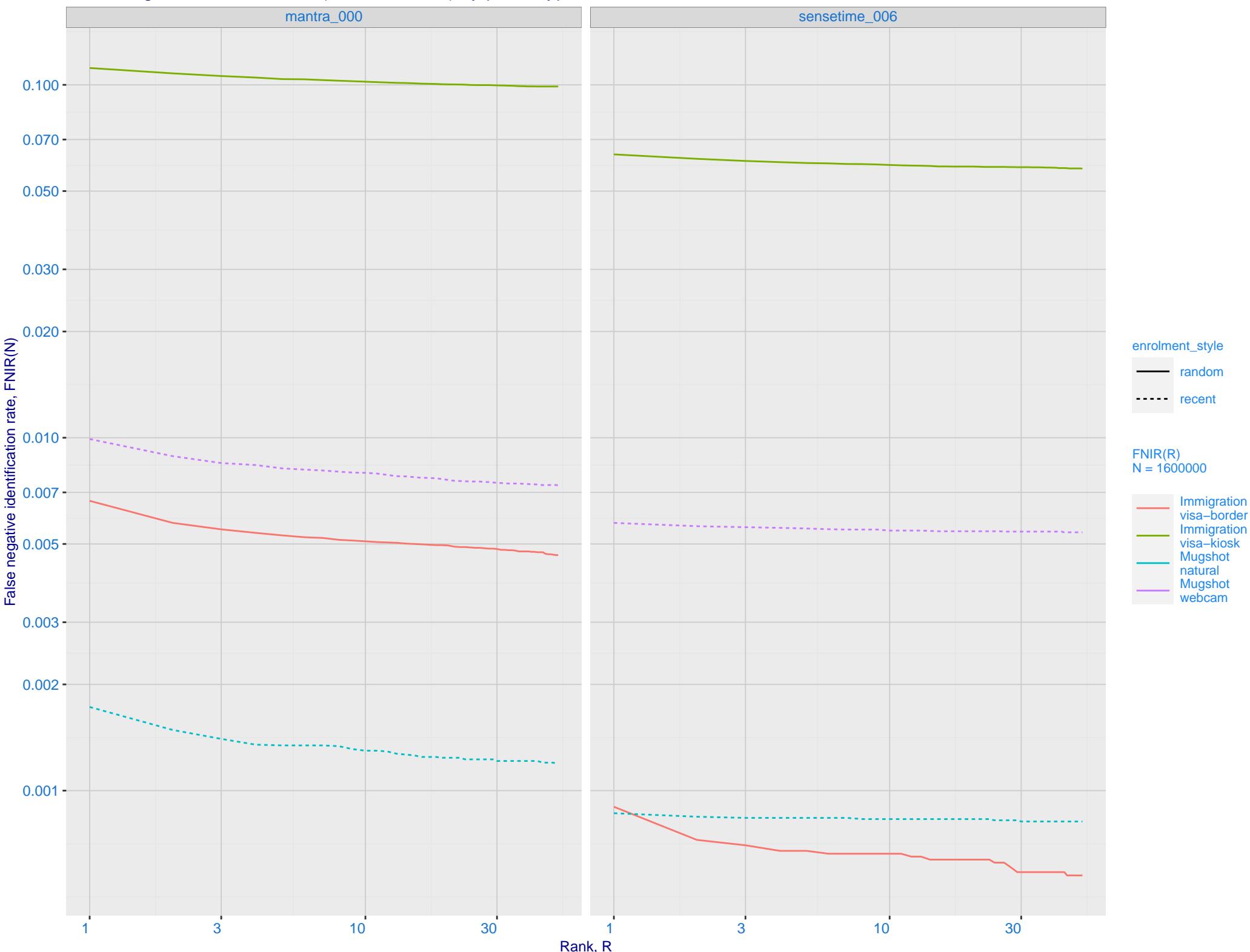
J: DET for Mugshot natural images and various N. Links connect points of equal threshold.



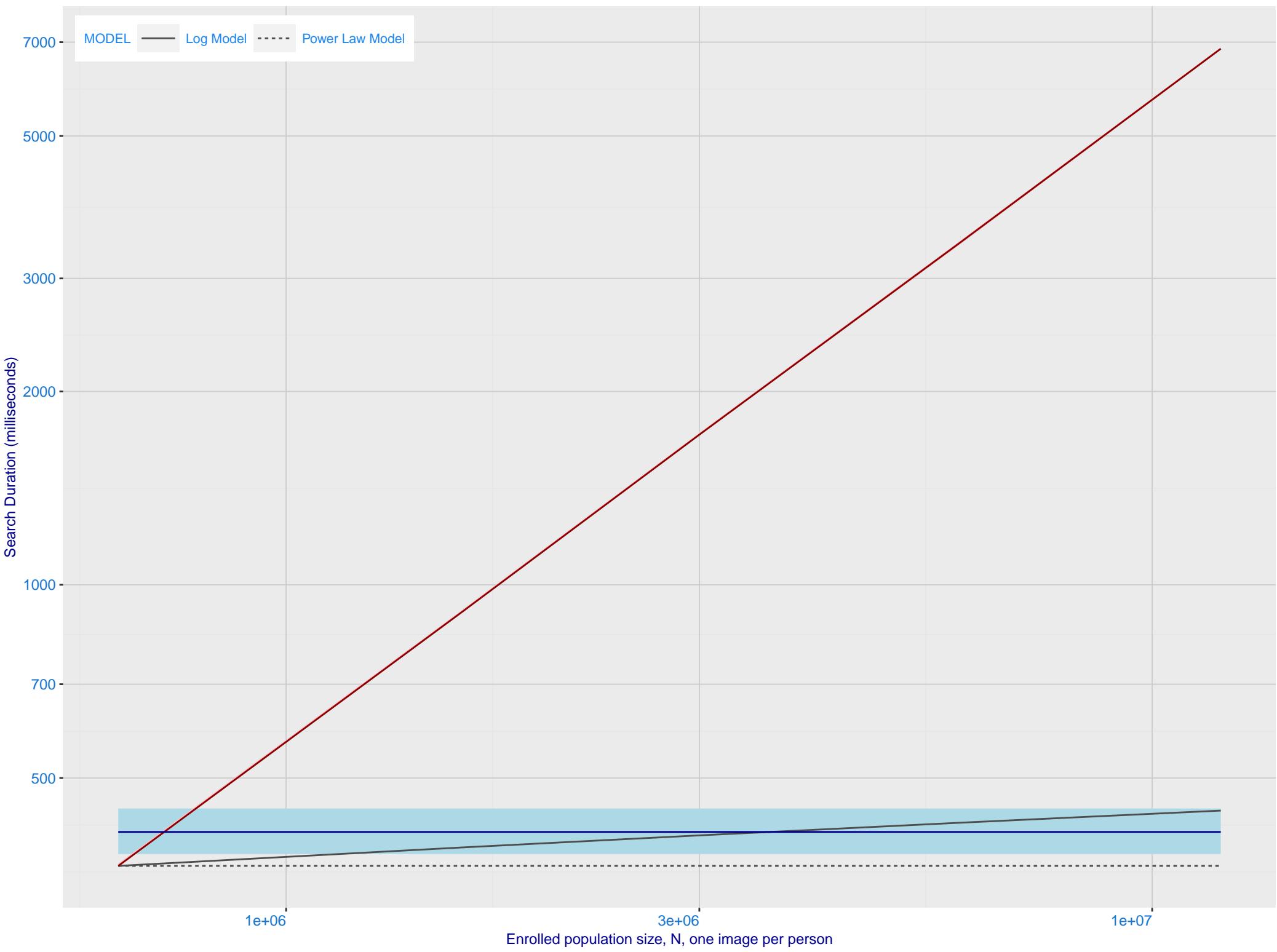
K: Investigational mode: FNIR(N, 1, 0) vs. most accurate (sensetime_006)



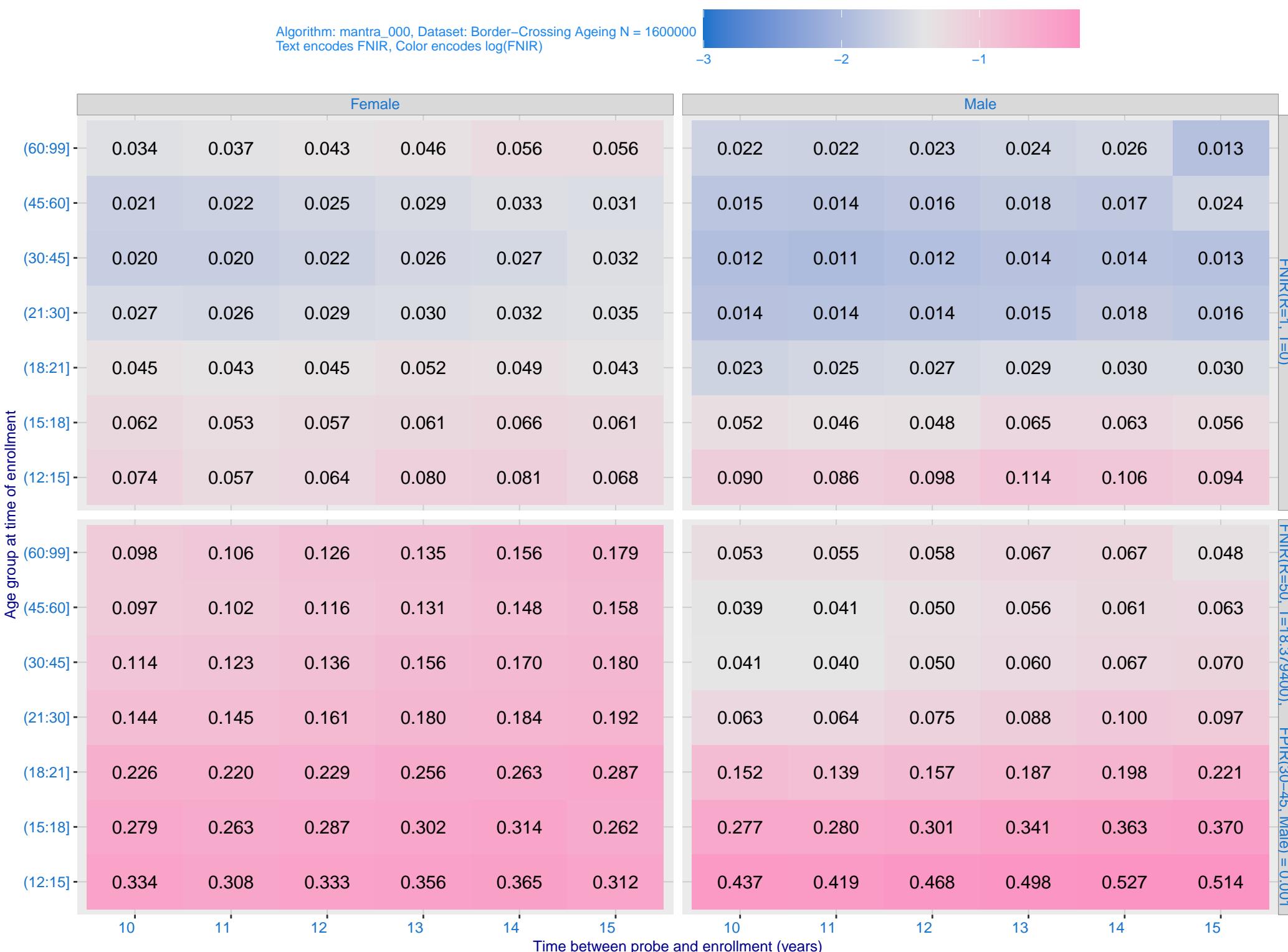
L: Investigational mode: FNIR(1600000, R, 0) by probe type



M: Template duration; search duration vs. N. The blue and pink ribbon covers 95 percent of observed measurements.
The template generation time is independent of N. The log and power-law models are fit to the first two (N,T) observations



O: FNIR(T, N = 1.6 million) by sex, age and time-lapse. The top row gives investigational rank-1 miss rates.
The bottom panels give high threshold for more lights-out identification with low FPIR.



P: FPIR(N = 1.6 million) by sex and age. It is typical for false positive identification rates to be higher in women except in their teens.

Algorithm: mantra_000, Dataset: Border–Crossing Ageing
Threshold: 18.379400 set to achieve FPIR(30–45, Male) = 0.001

Color encodes log(FPIR)

-4 -3 -2 -1

(The age of the highest non-mates will usually be similar to that of the probe.)

(60:99] 0.0047 0.0016

(45:60] 0.0019 0.0007

(30:45] 0.0014 0.0010

(21:30] 0.0026 0.0019

(18:21] 0.0029 0.0019

(15:18] 0.0040 0.0024

(12:15] 0.0047 0.0031

Female

Male

Sex of person in non-mate probe
(The sex of the highest non-mates will usually be that of the probe.)

Q: Identification FNIR(N, T, L+1) and Investigational FNIR(N, 0, R) under ageing

Dataset: 2018 Mugshot N = 3068801

